Stream Buffer Standards

City/watershed	Stream Buffer Trigger	Stream Buffer Width
BCWMC current	Projects that will result in more than	At least 10 feet or 25 percent of the
standard	200 cubic yards of cut or fill, or more	distance between the ordinary high
	than 10,000 square feet of land	water level and the nearest existing
	disturbance	structure, whichever is less
BCWMC Staff	Revise to match (exactly) the trigger for	Revise to:
Recommendation	erosion and sediment control	30 feet average and 20 feet
	requirements:	minimum (measured from ordinary
		high water level)
	Projects that will result in more than	
	200 cubic yards or more of cut or fill, or	For individual single family homes –
	more than 10,000 square feet or more	keep buffer requirement as current
	of land disturbance	standard
Plymouth	BCWMC trigger	BCWMC standard
New Hope	All subdivisions and commercial or	10 feet in width or 25% of the
(NH also has lake	industrial sites in which land	distance between the OHWL and
buffer standard of 10	disturbance activities will impact one or	the nearest existing structure,
ft from OHWL)	more acres; or fill or excavate over 100	whichever is less.
	cubic yards, whichever is more	
	restrictive; or any other site if	
	determined appropriate by the city	
	engineer due to potential impacts to	
	wetlands, lakes, or sensitive receiving	
	waters	
Golden Valley	Where city stormwater permit is	Same as BCWMC standards
(GV also has lake	needed for work in buffer area:	
buffer standard of 15	Any activities that disturb soils or	
ft from OHWL)	vegetation in excess of 4,000 square	
	feet;	
	Cutting, filling, disposal, hauling in, or	
	storage of more than 30 cubic yards of	
	soil.	
Minnetonka	NA –they don't have stream buffer	NA
	ordinance that applies in BCWMC b/c	
	no priority streams here	
Elm Creek WMC	Land or site development disturbing	Buffer strip widths on Elm, Rush,
	more than 1 acre of land	North Fork Rush, and Diamond
		Creeks—50 feet average and 25
	NOTE: The city of Plymouth uses the	feet minimum, measured from top
	BCWMC trigger throughout the city,	of bank.
	including areas in Elm Creek WMC	Buffer strip widths on other
		watercourses—25 feet average and
		10 feet minimum.
Shingle Creek WMC	Based on whether the project	Stream buffer on either side of the
	otherwise requires SCWMC review –	watercourse that averages at least

City/watershed	Stream Buffer Trigger	Stream Buffer Width
,,	see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards	30 feet in width, with a minimum buffer of 20 feet, measured from ordinary high water level.
	NOTE: The city of Plymouth uses the BCWMC trigger throughout the city, including areas in Shingle Creek WMC	
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J – Stormwater Management, AND encompassing or adjacent to a public watercourse or watercourse identified as high erosion area. Rule J (Stormwater) trigger is 5,000 sq. ft. disturbance. Single family residential	Stream buffer average of 50 feet from the centerline of a public waters watercourse, minimum 30 feet. Additional criteria for slopes >18%. For single family residential property, stream buffer must average 20 feet, minimum 10 feet.
	exempt UNLESS within 300 feet of public water or watercourse identified as high erosion area.	
Nine Mile Creek WD	No specific stream buffer requirement. Rule 7.0 requires a District Permit for streambank improvements.	Rule requires prioritization of bioengineering over riprap.

Wetland Buffer Standards

City/Watershed	Wetland Buffer Trigger	Wetland Buffer Width
BCWMC current standard	Projects containing more than one acre of new or redeveloped impervious area	Average minimum buffer widths are required according to the MnRAM classification: Preserve: 75 feet average; 50 feet minimum Manage 1: 50 feet average; 30 feet minimum Manage 2 or 3: 25 feet average; 15 feet minimum
BCWMC Staff Recommendation	Revise to lower trigger so it's more in line with other entities and matches the trigger for erosion and sediment control requirements: Projects that will result in 200 cubic yards or more of cut or fill, or 10,000 square feet or more of land disturbance	Wetland classification systems are currently being revised at the State level. Some watersheds have developed their own classification system, based on the current wetland classification system. Staff recommends the BCWMC keep current buffer standards and include an action in the plan to review and potentially update the wetland buffer standards to reference the new BWSR wetland functional assessment tool, once the tool is final. At that time, the BCWMC could consider developing their own classifications of High, Medium, Low based on the individual functional groups (similar to Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek or Nine Mile Creek WDs).
Plymouth in BCWMC	Projects that result in one acre or more of soil disturbance or that result in one acre or more of additional impervious surface coverage to a developed site	Preserve: 75 feet average; 67 feet minimum Manage 1: 50 feet average; 34 feet minimum Manage 2: 30 feet average; 24 feet minimum Manage 3: 30 feet average; 20 feet minimum
New Hope	All subdivisions and commercial or industrial sites in which land disturbance activities will impact one or more acres; or fill or	Based on Minnesota Routine Assessment Methodology classification, or a similar classification system, buffer

City/Watershed	Wetland Buffer Trigger	Wetland Buffer Width
	excavate over 100 cubic yards,	widths are required as follows
	whichever is more restrictive; or	(measured from the delineated
	any other site if determined	wetland edge):
	appropriate by the city engineer	wettand edge).
	due to potential impacts to	Preserve: 75 feet average; 50 feet
	wetlands, lakes, or sensitive	minimum
	receiving waters	
	receiving waters	Manage 1: 50 feet average; 30 feet minimum
		Manage 2 or 3: 25 feet average;
		15 feet minimum
Golden Valley	Where city stormwater permit is	Based on Minnesota Routine
	needed for work in buffer area:	Assessment Methodology
		classification, or a similar
	Any activities that disturb soils or	classification system, buffer
	vegetation in excess of 4,000	widths are required as follows
	square feet;	(measured from the delineated
	Cutting, filling, disposal, hauling	wetland edge):
	in, or storage of more than 30	Preserve: 75 feet average; 50 feet
	cubic yards of soil.	minimum
		Manage 1: 50 feet average; 30
		feet minimum
		Manage 2 or 3: 25 feet average;
		15 feet minimum
Minnetonka	BCWMC trigger (by reference)	BCWMC standard (by reference)
Elm Creek WMC	Land or site development	Buffer strip widths on wetlands
	disturbing more than 1 acre of	(also applies to lakes)—average
	land	25 feet and minimum 10 feet.
		Rules also recommend that
		structures have a minimum 15-
		foot setback from the buffer
		strip.)
Shingle Creek WMC	Based on whether the project	Buffer strip widths must be 30
	otherwise requires SCWMC	feet average, 20 feet minimum
	otherwise requires SCWMC review – see table in SCWMC	feet average, 20 feet minimum Buffers are measured from the
	· ·	_
	review – see table in SCWMC	Buffers are measured from the
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands.
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification:
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G –	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J –	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J – Stormwater Managementand	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum Medium value: 40 feet average,
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J – Stormwater Managementand encompassing or adjacent to a	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum Medium value: 40 feet average, 20 feet minimum
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J – Stormwater Managementand encompassing or adjacent to a public waters wetland or other	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum Medium value: 40 feet average, 20 feet minimum Average value: 20 feet average,
Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD	review – see table in SCWMC Rules and Standards Any activity requiring a permit under Rule B – Floodplain Management, Rule E – Dredging and Sediment Removal, Rule F – Shoreline and Streambank Stabilization, Rule G – Waterbody Crossings, or Rule J – Stormwater Managementand encompassing or adjacent to a	Buffers are measured from the ordinary high water level. Applies to watercourses and wetlands. Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: Exceptional: 80 feet average, 40 feet minimum High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum Medium value: 40 feet average, 20 feet minimum

City/Watershed	Wetland Buffer Trigger	Wetland Buffer Width
	Rule J (Stormwater) trigger is 5,000 square feet of disturbance. Single family residential exempt UNLESS within 500 feet of (and draining to) public water or protected wetland.	For single family residential property, wetland buffer must be average 20 feet, minimum 10 feet from wetland delineation (regardless of classification). See Appendix D1 from the Riley Purgatory Bluff Creek WD rules regarding the above wetland classifications.
Nine Mile Creek WD	Any activity for which a permit is required under District rule 2.0 (Floodplain), 3.0 (Weltands) 4.0 (Stormwater), 6.0 (Waterbody Crossings), 7.0 (Streambanks) or 8.0 (Sediment Removal). Rule 4.0 (Stormwater) trigger is 50 cubic yards or 5,000 square feet of disturbance. Single Family residential is exempt if currently meeting District stormwater standards.	Wetland buffer widths vary by classification: High value: 60 feet average, 30 feet minimum Medium value: 40 feet average, 20 feet minimum Low value: 20 feet average, 10 feet minimum See Appendix 3B from the Nine Mile Creek WD rules regarding the above wetland classifications.